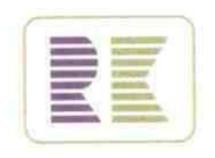
R. K. WIRE PRODUCTS LIMITED



37TH ANNUAL REPORT

2018 - 2019

R. K. WIRE PRODUCTS LTD

Regd Off:Unit No. 1507, 15th Floor, Tower 1, PS. Srijan Corporate Park, Block EP & GP, Sector V, Salt Lake, Kolkata – 700 091 Tel No. 033-22580042/3/4; Telefax.033-22580014;E-mail: info@rkwire.com; Website: www.rkwire.com

CIN: U17233WB1983PLC036948

DIRECTORS' REPORT

To The Members

Your Directors take pleasure in presenting the 36th (Thirty Sixth) Annual Report on the business and operations of the Company togetherwith the Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31st March, 2019.

Financial Performance

The financial performance of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2019 is summarized below:

(Amt. in Rs.)

(Mitt. iii Ks.)					
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended			
	31st March, 2019	31st March, 2018			
Revenue from Operations	1,102,448,691.50	736,030,752.30			
Other Income	2,970,448.25	11,433,426.29			
Profitbefore Finance Cost, Depreciation and Tax	106,273,400.42	61,872,435.73			
Less: Finance Cost	6,591,164.70	2,244,361.54			
Depreciation	5,672,967.00	4,007,416.00			
Profiton account of exceptional item	74,281.24	1,492,556.65			
Profitbefore Taxation	94,083,549.96	54,128,101.54			
Less: Tax Expenses	24,027,587.00	17,541,530.00			
Less: Deferred Tax	2,357,766.00	1,048,909.00			
Profit after tax	67,698,196.96	35,537,662.54			

State of the Company's Affairs

During the financial year ended 31stMarch, 2019, the Company recorded a total income of Rs. 1,105,419,139.75as compared to total income of Rs 747,464,178.59/- in the previous financial year. The net profit of the Company for the year under review stood at Rs. 67,698,196.96/- as against a profit of Rs. 35,537,662.54/- in the previous financial year.

Transfer to Reserves

During the financial year the Company has transferred an amount of Rs. 10,00,000/- to General reserve. Except the same there was no transfer made to any reserve of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2019.

Dividend

With a view to conserve the resources of the Company, your Directors do not recommend payment of any dividendon Equity Shares for the F.Y. ended March 31, 2019.

Capital Structure

During the year under review, there has been no change in the Capital structure of the Company.

Extract of Annual Return

The extract of Annual Return in Form MGT-9 pursuant to Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 is annexed herewith as "Annexure A".

Directors and Key Managerial Person

Mr. Chetan Kumar Bagaria, Director of the Company, retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers himself for reappointment. During the period under review, there has been no change in the directorship of the Company.

Mrs. PratimaGaneriwalaresigned from the directorship of the Company with effect from 3rd May, 2019. The Board placed on record its sincere appreciation for the valuable contribution and guidance rendered by him during his tenure with the Company.

In terms of the provisions of Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013, none of the Directors of the Company are disqualified for appointment or for continuation as Director of the Company.

Declaration of Independent Directors

All the Independent Directors have submitted their disclosures to the Board that they fulfil all the requirements as stipulated in Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 so as to qualify themselves to be appointed as Independent Directors under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the relevant rules and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Board Meetings

During the period under review, the Board met 8 times respectively on30/05/2018, 27/06/2018, 05/10/2018, 31/10/2018, 05/11/2018, 17/12/2018, 05/01/2019 and 14/02/2019 and the gap between two consecutive meetings did not exceed the limit as stipulated in Section 173 of the Companies Act, 2013. Details of Board Meetings along with attendance of Directors are given below:

Name of the Directors	Number of Meeting during the Financial Year 2018-19				
	Held Attended				
BINOD KUMAR BAGARIA	8	8			

CHETAN BAGARIA	8	8
AJAY KUMAR BAGARIA	8	8
OM PRAKASH AGARWALA	8	8
PRATIMA GANERIWALA	8	8
PRIYANKA BAGARIA	8	8

During the financial year ended 31st March, 2019, one meeting of the Independent Directors was held on 14th February, 2019 to discuss the followings:

- Evaluation of the performance of the Non-Executive Directors and Board of Directors as a whole;
- Evaluation of the performance of the Chairman of the Company; taking into account views of the Executive and Non-executive Directors;
- Evaluation of the quality, content and timelines of flow of information between the Management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform its duties.

Audit Committee

Your Board has a duly constituted Audit Committeein terms of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Rules framed thereunder. The Committee met 4 (four) times during the financial year 2018-19 respectively on 30/05/2018, 05/09/2018, 13/11/2018 and 25/03/2019. The Audit Committee comprised of three non-executive Directors out of which two are independent Directors. The Composition of the Audit Committee and the attendance of each member at these meetings are as follows:-

Name	Position Held	Number of Meeting during the Financial Year 2018-19		
		Held Attended		
OM PRAKASH AGARWALA	Chairperson	4	4	
PRATIMA GANERIWALA	Member	4	4	
AJAY KUMAR BAGARIA	Member	4	4	

All the recommendations made by the Audit Committee were accepted by your Board.

INVITEES: The Statutory Auditors of the Company are permanent invitees to the meeting.

The Chairman of the Audit Committee attended the Annual General Meeting of the Company and he ensured that necessary clarifications and explanations were provided to the Members of the Company on issues regarding accounts and finance.

The Quarterly Un-audited Financial Results as well as the Annual Financial Statements are reviewed and examined by the members of the Audit Committee before recommendation of the same to the Board of Directors of the Company for their perusal and approval. The Audit Committee ensures an effective internal control system.

Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee was constituted to (a) formulate from time to time process for selection and appointment of new Directors and succession plans and (b) recommend to the Board from time to time, a compensation structure for Directors and other KMPs. The Committee consists of 2 (Two) Non-Executive Independent Directors and 1 (One) Non-Executive Non-Independent Director. There is one meeting held on 25th March, 2019 during the financial year 2018-19 where all the members are present.

The Composition and attendance of Nomination and Remuneration Committee is given below:

Name	Position Held
OM PRAKASH AGARWALA	Chairperson
PRATIMA GANERIWALA	Member
AJAY KUMAR BAGARIA	Member

The Chairman of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee attended the Annual General Meeting of the Company.

Directors' Responsibility Statement

In terms of Section 134(3) (c) of the Companies Act, 2013, your Directors state that:

- a) in the preparation of the annual accountsfor the financial year ended 31stMarch, 2019, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- b) the Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the Company for that period;
- c) the Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d) the Directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis; and
- e) the directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively; and
- f) The directors had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively.

Related party transactions

All transactions entered with Related Parties during the financial year were on an arm's length basis and were in the ordinary course of business, therefore, the provision of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not attracted and disclosure in Form AOC- 2 is not required. Further, there are no materially significant related party transactions during the year under review made by the Company with Promoters, Directors or other designated person which may have a potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large.

All the related party transactions were placed before the Audit Committee for approval. Necessary disclosures required under the Indian Accounting Standards have been made in the notes to financial statements.

Material Changes Affecting the Financial Position of the Company

There were no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial statements relate and the date of the report.

Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption, Foreign Exchange Earnings & Outgo

The particulars relating to energy conservation, technology absorption, research & development and foreign exchange earnings and outgo, as required to be disclosed under Section 134(3) (m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 are annexed hereto as "Annexure - B" and form part of this report.

Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Venture Companies

The Company does not have any Subsidiary, Associate or Joint Venture Companies and no companies became or ceased to be its subsidiary, associates or joint ventures during the year.

Risk Management Policy

Risk Management is the process of identification, assessment and prioritization of risks followed by coordinated efforts to minimize, monitor and mitigate/control the probability and/or impact of unfortunate events or to maximize the realization of opportunities. Considering the volume, size and business of the company no major risks have been identified by the Company. However measures have been formulated in the areas such as business, financial, human and statutory compliances. The Company's Internal control systems are commensurate with the nature of its business and the size and complexity of its operation.

Prevention of Insider Trading

The Company adopted a Code of Conduct as per the Guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India as amended from time to time for prevention of Insider Trading which is applicable to the members of the Board and all employees in the course of day-to-day business operations of the Company. The code of conduct framed by the Company has helped in ensuring compliance with the requirements.

Statutory Disclosures

None of the Directors of the Company are disqualified as per the provision of Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013. All the Directors have made the necessary disclosures as required by the various provisions of the Act.

Adequacy of Internal Financial Control with Reference to the Financial Statements

The Company has an internal control system, commensurate with the size, scale & complexities of its operations. Internal Control measures and systems are established to ensure the correctness of the transactions and safe guarding of the assets. The Management ensures adherence to all internal control policies and procedures as well as compliance with regulatory guidelines. The audit committee of the Board of Directors reviews the adequacy of internal controls. This has improved the management of the affairs of the Company and strengthened transparency and accountability. During the year under review no reportable material weakness in the design or operation were observed.

Deposits

The Company has not accepted any deposits from public within the meaning of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 and as such, no amount on account of principal or interest on deposits from public was outstanding as on the date of the balance sheet.

Corporate Social Responsibility

The company has duly constituted a CSR Committee as required under section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Committee was headed by Shri. ChetanBagaria.

A brief outline of the CSR Policy of the Company, the CSR initiatives undertaken during the financial year 2018-19 together with the progress thereon and the Annual Report on CSR activities as required by the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, are set out in "Annexure – C" to this Report.

Particulars of Employees and KMP

During the financial year under review, the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 are Mr. Binod Kumar Bagaria as managing director, Mr. Ajay Kumar Bagaria as an Executive Director and Mr. Chetan Bagaria as the Chief Financial Officer and of the Company. Your Company is in the process to fill up the vacancy for the post of Company Secretary.

Disclosures pertaining to remuneration and other details as required under Section 197(12) of the Act, read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 are given below:

(i) The ratio of the remuneration of each director/KMP to the median employee's remuneration for the financial year as prescribed is as given below:

Sr. No.	Name of KMP	Remuneration of KMP for FY 2018-19 (₹)	Previous Year Remuneration (2017-18) (₹)	% Increase	Ratio of Remuneration of each director/to median remuneration of employees
1.	Binod Kumar Bagaria (Managing Director)	28,00,000	28,00,000	NIL	24.56
2.	Mr. ChetanBagaria (Chief financial officer)	42,00,000	42,00,000	NIL	36.84
3.	Ajay Kumar Bagaria (Executive Director)	42,00,000	28,00,000	50%	36.84

Note: other than the above none of the directors received any remuneration during the financial year ended 31st March, 2019.

- (ii) Percentage increase in the median remuneration director, CEO and CFO during the financial year: N.A.
- (iii) Percentage increase in median remuneration of employees in the financial year: ______.
- (v) The number of permanent employees on the rolls of the company as on 31st March, 2019:

(vi) Average perc	entage increase/	(decrease)	made in the	salaries o	of employees	other th	nan KMP
in the financial yea	ar –						

It is hereby affirmed that the remuneration paid is as per the Remuneration Policy for Directors, KMP and other employees.

There were no person employed by the Company during the Financial Year 2018-19 who draws remuneration as prescribed under Rule 5(2) of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration) Rules, 2014, hence details with respect to the same is not required to be given.

Significant and material orders passed by the regulators, courts and Tribunals

No significant and material order has been passed by the regulators, courts, tribunals impacting the going concern status and the Company's future operations.

Compliance with Secretarial Standards

The Company has complied with Secretarial Standards issued by Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI) as and when it was applicable.

Disclosure under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

The Company has in place an Anti Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of The Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition &Redressal) Act, 2013. Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under this policy. The following is a summary of sexual harassment complaints received and disposed off during each Calendar year:

- No. of complaints received: NIL
- No. of complaints disposed off: NIL

Statutory Auditors

In terms of the provisions of section 139 of the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, M/s. Mandawewala& Co., Chartered Accountants (FRN: 322130E) were duly appointed as the statutory auditor of the Company at the 34th Annual General Meeting to hold office till the conclusion of the 39th Annual General Meeting, subject to ratification of the Shareholders annually. However, in accordance with the Companies Amendment Act, 2017, enforced w.e.f. 7thMay, 2018 by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the appointment of Statutory Auditors is not required to be ratified by the members at every AGM.

Statutory Auditors' Report

The Auditors' Report read together with the Notes on Accounts are self-explanatory and therefore do not call for any further explanation and comments. The Auditors have issued an unmodified opinion on the Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31st March, 2019.

No frauds were reported by the Auditor under sub-section 12 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Secretarial Audit Report

The Board has appointed M/s. Patnaik&Patnaik, Company Secretaries to carry out the Secretarial Audit pursuant to the provision of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 for the Financial Year 2018-19. The Secretarial Audit Report for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2019 annexed as Annexure – D and forming part of this report.

Secretarial Auditor's observations, if any, in his report, have been suitably explained by way of appropriate notes to accounts and/or in the Board's Report wherever it was considered necessary.

Cost Records

The company has been maintaining the cost records as prescribed by the Central Government under Section 148 of Companies Act, 2013 for the Company.

Corporate Governance

During the financial year ended 31st March, 2020, the net worth of the Company exceeds Rs. 25.00 crores, the Company will take necessary steps to comply with the corporate Governance requirements in terms of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Annual Evaluation by the Board

In compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act,2013 and the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Board of Directors has carried out an Annual Evaluation of its ownperformance, Board Committees, Individual Directors, Chairpersons and the CEO/Managing Director etc., for theyear under review.

The Board and the Nomination and RemunerationCommittee reviewed the performance of individualDirectors including the Managing Director, their personal performancecarried out using a peer review process, participation, contribution and offering guidance and understanding of the areas which were relevant to them in their capacity and was assessed on selected parameters related toroles, responsibilities and obligations of the Board and functioning of the Committees including assessing thequality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the Company's Management and the Board whichis necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform their duties.

Particulars of Loans, Guarantees or Investments under Section 186

The details of loans and investments made by Company are given in the notes to the financial statements and and in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Vigil Mechanism:

Your Company has established a Vigil Mechanism for itsDirectors and employees to report their genuine concerns orgrievances. The said mechanism encompasses the WhistleBlower Policy and provides for adequate safeguardsagainst victimization of persons who use the mechanism. It also provides direct access to the Chairman of the AuditCommittee in appropriate and exceptional cases. The concerned employees and the Directors of the Companyare made aware of the said policy from time to time.

In pursuant to Section 177(9) & (10) of the Companies Act, 2013, your company has established a Vigil Mechanism for its directors and employees to report genuine concern or grievances.

Management Discussion and Analysis Report

Management Discussion and Analysis Report for the year under review as stipulated under Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, is attached as Annexure -E forming part of the Annual Report.

Listing

The fully paid up Equity Shares of the Company are listed on the Calcutta Stock Exchange Limited (CSE).

Other Disclosure Requirements

- The disclosures and reporting with respect to issue of equity shares with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise is not applicable as the Company has not issued any such shares during the reporting period.
- The disclosures and reporting on issue of shares (including sweat equity shares and Issue of Shares under Employees Stock Option Scheme) to employees of the Company under any scheme are not applicable as the Company has not issued any such shares during the reporting period.
- Your Company did not have any funds lying unpaid orunclaimed for a period of Seven years. Therefore therewere no funds which were required to be transferred toinvestor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF).
- There is no change in the nature of the business of the Company.

Acknowledgement

Your Director express their sincere thanks and place on record their deep appreciation of the valuable support the Company has received from Shareholders, Bankers, Government and from all concerned.

By Order of the Board

For R. K. Wire Products Ltd.

Date: 29th May, 2019

Registered Office:

Unit No. 1507, 15th Floor, Tower 1 PS. Srijan Corporate Park Block EP & GP, Sector VSalt Lake, Kolkata – 700 091 Binod Kumar Bagaria Managing Director DIN: 00484802

Director DIN: 01226808

ChetanBagaria

Form No. MGT-9 EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

As on the financial year ended on 31st March, 2019

[Pursuant to Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

I. REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS

i)	CIN	U17233WB1983PLC036948
ii)	REGISTRATION DATE	23/11/1983
iii)	NAME OF THE COMPANY	R. K. Wire Products Limited
iv)	CATEGORY / SUB-CATEGORY OF THE COMPANY	Company Limited by Shares/Indian Non-Government Company
v)	ADDRESS OF THE REGISTERED OFFICE AND CONTACT DETAILS	Unit No. 1507, 15th Floor, Tower 1, PS. Srijan Corporate Park, Block EP & GP, Sector V, Salt Lake Kolkata WB 70009 Tel. No (033) 2258-0042; Telefax- (033) 2258-0014; E-mail- info@rkwire.com; Website: www.rkwire.com
vi)	WHETHER LISTED COMPANY	Unlisted
vii)	NAME, ADDRESS AND CONTACT DETAILS OF REGISTRAR & TRANSFER AGENTS (RTA), IF ANY	Niche Technologies Pvt. Ltd. 3A, Auckland Place 7th Floor, Room No. 7A & 7B, Kolkata Kolkata WB (033) 2235-7270/7271, 2234-3576, 2215-6823 nichetechpl@nichetechpl.com www.nichetechpl.com

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

All the business activities contributing 10 % or more of the total turnover of the Company shall be stated:

SI.	Name and Descriptionof main products /	NIC Code of the	% to total turnover of the Company	
No.	Services	Product/ service		
1	Wire and Wire Products	8311	100	

III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES -NIL

SI.	Name And Address Of the Company	CIN/GLN	Holding/ Subsidiary/ Associate	% Of Shares Held	Applicable Section
-	-	-	-	-	-

IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

(i) Category-wise Share Holding:

Category of	beginni	No. of shares held at the beginning of the year (as on 01.04.2018)				No. of shares held at the end of the year (as on 31.03.2019)			
Shareholders	Demat	Physical	Total	% of total shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of total shares	during the year
A. Promoters (1) Indian									
(a) Individual/HUF	4,55,210	-	4,55,210	60.711	4,55,210	-	4,55,210	60.711	-
(b) Central Govt.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(c) State Govt. (s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(d) Bodies Corp.	35,470	-	35,470	4.731	35,470	-	35,470	4.731	-
(e) Banks / FI	-								-
(f) Any Other	-								-
Sub-total (A) (1):-	4,90,680	-	4,90,680	65.441	4,90,680	-	4,90,680	65.441	-
(2) Foreign									
(a) NRIs - Individuals	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Other – Individuals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(c) Bodies Corp.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(d) Banks / FI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(e) Any Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total (A) (2):-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total shareholding of Promoter (A) = (A)(1)+(A)(2)	4,90,680	-	4,90,680	65.441	4,90,680	1	4,90,680	65.441	-
B.Public Sharehol (1) Institutions	ding				1	1		1	1
(a) Mutual Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Banks / FI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(c) Central Govt.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(d) State Govt.(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(e) Venture Capital Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

T	1	ı		1	1	1		ı	
(f)Insurance Companies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(g) FIIs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(h)Foreign Venture Capital Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(i)Others (specify)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total (B)(1):-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(2)Non- Institutions (a) Bodies Corp.									
(i) Indian	-	1,86,000	1,86,000	24.807	-	1,86,000	1,86,000	24.807	-
(ii) Overseas		, ,	, ,			, ,	, ,		
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Individuals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(i) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital upto Rs. 1 lakh	-	28,120	28,120	3.750	-	28,120	28,120	3.750	-
(ii) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of Rs. 1 lakh	20,000	25,000	45,000	6.002	20,000	25,000	45,000	6.002	-
(c) Others (specify)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total (B)(2):-	20,000	2,39,120	2,59,120	34.559	20,000	2,39,120	2,59,120	34.559	-
Total Public Shareholding (B)=(B)(1)+(B)(2)	20,000	2,39,120	2,59,120	34.559	20,000	2,39,120	2,59,120	34.559	-
C. Shares held byCustodian for GDRs & ADRs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grand Total (A+B+C)	5,10,680	2,39,120	7,49,800	100	5,10,680	2,39,120	7,49,800	100	-

(ii) Shareholding of Promoters:

SI. No.	Shareholder's Name	Yea	ing at the beg r (as on 01.04	.2018)	(a	Shareholding at the end of the Year (as on 31.03.2019)		
		No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbere d to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbere d to total shares	in share holding during the year
1.	Bagaria Enterprises Pvt. Ltd.	35470	4.731	-	35470	4.731	-	-
2.	Ajay Kumar Bagaria	130580	17.415	-	130580	17.415	-	-
3	Anita Bagaria	64900	8.656	-	64900	8.656	-	-
4	Atul Kumar Bagaria	46400	6.188	-	46400	6.188	-	-
5	Binod Kumar Bagaria	98630	13.154	-	98630	13.154	-	-
6	Chetan Kumar Bagaria	34500	4.601	-	34500	4.601	-	-
7	Kala Devi Bagaria	49200	6.562	-	49200	6.562	-	-
8	Nayanjyoti Bagaria	6000	0.800	-	6000	0.800	-	-
9	Ritu Bagaria	25000	3.334	-	25000	3.334	-	-
Total		490680	65.441	-	490680	65.441	-	-

(iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change): No Change

SI.		Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
No. 1.		No. of shares	% of total shares of the Company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the Company
	At the beginning of the year	490680	65.441	490680	65.441
	Date wise Increase/Decrease in Promoters Shareholding during the Year specifying the reasons for increase/decrease (e.g. allotment/transfer/bonus/sweat equity etc.):	-	-	-	-
	At the end of the year	490680	65.441	490680	65.441

(iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDR and ADRs): NIL

SI.	For Each of the Top 10 Shareholders	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative shareholding during the year	
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the Company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the Company
1.	Gold Gest. Tracon Pvt. Ltd	-	-	-	-
	At the beginning of the year	25000	3.334	25000	3.334
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus / sweat equity	-	-	-	-

	etc):				
	At the End of the year	25000	3.334	25000	3.334
2.	Navneet Agencies Pvt. Ltd	-	-	-	-
	At the beginning of the year	25600	3.414	25600	3.414
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus / sweat equity etc):	-	-	-	-
	At the End of the year	25600	3.414	25600	3.414
3.	Progressive Finitex Pvt. Ltd	-	-	-	-
	At the beginning of the year	25000	3.334	25000	3.334
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus / sweat equity etc):	-	-	-	-
	At the End of the year	25000	3.334	25000	3.334
4.	Regency Distributors Pvt. Ltd	-	-	-	-
	At the beginning of the year	25600	3.414	25600	3.414
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus / sweat equity etc):	-	-	-	-
	At the End of the year	25600	3.414	25600	3.414
5.	Seema Rastogi				
	At the beginning of the year	25000	3.334	25000	3.334
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus / sweat equity etc):	-	-	-	-
	At the End of the year	25000	3.334	25000	3.334
6.	Saurav Kutir & Homes Pvt. Ltd	-	-	-	-
	At the beginning of the year Date wise Increase / Decrease in Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus / sweat equity etc):	25600	3.414	25600	3.414
7.	At the End of the year Star Point Commodeal Pvt. Ltd	25600	3.414	25600	3.414
<i>'</i> ·		-	2 44 4	-	2 44 4
	At the beginning of the year	25600	3.414	25600	3.414
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus / sweat equity etc):	-	-	-	-

	At the End of the year	25600	3.414	25600	3.414
8	Suryashakti Marketing Pvt. Ltd.	-	-	-	-
	At the beginning of the year	25600	3.414	25600	3.414
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus / sweat equity etc):	-	-	-	-
	At the End of the year	25600	3.414	25600	3.414
9.	Avanish Mundhra				
	At the beginning of the year	20000	2.667	20000	2.667
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus / sweat equity etc):	-	-	-	-
	At the End of the year	20000	2.667	20000	2.667
10.	Good Ward Trade & Credit (P) Ltd	-	-	-	-
	At the beginning of the year	5000	0.667	5000	0.667
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus / sweat equity etc):	-	-	-	-
	At the End of the year	5000	0.667	5000	0.667

(v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

SI. No.	For each of the Directors and each Key Managerial Personnel	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the year	
1	Binod Kumar Bagaria	No. of shares	% of total shares of the Company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the Company
	At the beginning of the year	98630	13.154	98630	13.154
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus/ sweat equity etc)	-	-	-	-
	At the end of the year	98630	13.154	98630	13.154
2	Chetan Kumar Bagaria				
	At the beginning of the year	34500	4.601	34500	4.601
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus/ sweat equity etc)	-	-	-	-

	At the end of the year	34500	4.601	34500	4.601
3		-	-	-	-
	Ajay Kumar Bagaria	420500	47.445	420500	47.445
	At the beginning of the year	130580	17.415	130580	17.415
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus/ sweat equity etc)	-	-	-	-
	At the end of the year	130580	17.415	130580	17.415
4	Om Prakash Agarwala				
	At the beginning of the year	-	-	-	-
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus/ sweat equity etc)	-	-	-	-
	At the end of the year	-	-	-	-
5	Pratima Ganeriwala				
	At the beginning of the year	-	-	-	-
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus/ sweat equity etc)	1	-	-	-
	At the end of the year	1	-	-	-
6	Priyanka Bagaria				
	At the beginning of the year	-	-	-	-
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus/ sweat equity etc)	-	-	-	-
	At the end of the year	-	-	-	-

V. INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding / accrued but not due for payment:

	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning				
of the financial year				
i) Principal Amount	-	16,465,064.00	-	16,465,064.00
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	7,42,412	-	7,42,412
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-		-	
Total (i+ii+iii)	-	17,207,476.00	-	17,207,476.00
Change in Indebtedness during				
the financial year				
• Addition	7,733,606.96	36,049,728.45	-	43,783,335.41
Reduction	-	-	-	-

Net Change	7,733,606.96	36,049,728.45	-	43,783,335.41
Indebtedness at theend of the financial year				
i) Principal Amount	7,054,376.98	49,747,800.45	-	56,802,177.43
ii) Interest due but not paid iii) Interest accrued but not due	679,229.98	35,09,404	-	41,88,633.98
Total (i+ii+iii)	7,733,606.96	53,257,204.45	-	60,990,811.41

VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and / or Manager:

SI.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name	Name of MD/WTD/Manager			
		Binod Kumar Bagaria(Mana ging Director)	Chetan Bagaria	Ajay Kumar Bagaria	(in Rs.)	
1.	Gross salary (a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961 (c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961	28,00,000	42,00,000	42,00,000	11,200,000	
2.	Stock Option	-	-	-	-	
3.	Sweat Equity	-	-	-	-	
4.	Commission - as % of profit - Others, specify	-			-	
5.	Others, please specify		-		-	
	Total (A)	28,00,000	42,00,000	42,00,000	11,200,000	
	Ceiling as per the Act	_			-	

B. Remuneration to other directors: NIL

Sl. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of Directors			Total Amount
	1. Independent Directors		-	-	-
	 Fee for attending board / 				
	committee meetings				
	Commission				
	Others, please specify				
	Total (1)		-	-	-
	2. Other Non-Executive Directors		-	-	-
	 Fee for attending board / 				
	committee meetings				
	Commission				
	Others, please specify				
	Total (2)		-	-	-
	Total (B)=(1+2)		-	-	-
	Total Managerial Remuneration		-	-	-

C. REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN MD / MANAGER / WTD:

Sl. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	ation Key Ma			
		CEO	Company Secretary	CFO	Total
1	Gross salary a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961 b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961 c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961	-	-		-
2	Stock Option	-	-		-
3	Sweat Equity	-	-		-
4	Commission - as % of profit - Others, specify	-	-		-
5	Others, please specify	-	-		-
	Total	-	-		-

VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES: NIL

Туре	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Details of Penalty / Punishment/ Compounding fees imposed	Authority[RD/ NCLT/COURT]	Appeal made, if any (give Details)
A. COMPANY					
Penalty	-	-	-	-	-
Punishment	-	-	-	-	-
Compounding	-	-	-	-	-
B. DIRECTORS					
Penalty	-	-	-	-	-
Punishment	-	-	-	-	-
Compounding	-	-	-	-	-
C. OTHER OFFICERS IN DEFAULT					
Penalty	-	-	-	=	-
Punishment	-	-	-	-	-
Compounding	-	-	-	-	-

By Order of the Board

For R. K. Wire Products Ltd.

Date: 29thMay, 2019

Registered Office: Unit No. 1507, 15th Floor, Tower 1 PS. Srijan Corporate Park Block EP & GP, Sector V Salt Lake, Kolkata – 700 091

Binod Kumar Bagaria Managing Director DIN: 00484802

Chetan Bagaria Director DIN: 01226808 Statement Pursuant to Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

A. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY

(i) The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy

With the objective of conservation of energy your Company continues to give efforts for:

- improvisation and innovation of its existing production and manufacturing processes;
- waste utilization;
- undertaking of efficient practices that help in avoiding wastage of resources such as electricity, paper, etc.
- (ii) The steps taken by the Company for utilizing alternate sources of energy

conservation equipments

The capital investment on energy

No specific steps have been taken by the Company for utilizing alternate source of energy.

No specific investment has been made in reduction in energy consumption.

B. TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION

(iii)

(i) The efforts made towards technology absorption

The Company is continuously involved in upgradation of its manufacturing process keeping a close eye on the latest developments and incorporating advancement in its processes.

(ii) The benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution The measures undertaken serves to achieve:

- reduction in the consumption of fuel and power;
- reduction in cost of productivity;
- improvement in quality of products;
- improvement in manufacturing processes resulting in cost reduction;
- optimum utilisation of resources.

(iii) Technology Imported

(iv) The expenditure incurred on Research and Development

No technology is imported and the whole plant is working on indigenous technology.

C. FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS & OUTGO

Earnings Nil
Outgo Nil

Nil

REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES/INITIATIVES

[Pursuant to Section 135 of the Act & Rules made thereunder]

1. A brief outline of the company's CSR policy, including overview of the projects or programmes proposed to be undertaken and reference to the web-link to the CSR Policy and projects or programmes.

Considering the Company's small size, geographical spread and scope, steps have been always taken for addition of social, environmental and economic value to the society. The company has adopted a policy to undertake social endeavors itself as well as to support external bodies for the purpose. To pursue its CSR objectives the company will continue to work actively in areas of eradication of hunger and poverty, eradication of diseases and other healthcare activities, provide opportunity and financial assistance for the promotion of education and work in the activities related to Social Business Projects selected by the Committee.

2. The composition of the CSR Committee –

Name of The Member	Designation		
Shri Chetan Bagaria	Chairman		
Shri Binod Kumar Bagaria	Member		
Shri Om Prakash Agarwala	Member		

- 3. Average Net Profit of the company for last 3 financial years Rs. 5,72,23,868/-
- 4. Prescribed CSR expenditure (2% of amount) Rs. 11,44,477/-
- 5. Details of CSR spent during the financial year:
 - a) Total amount to be spent for the financial year Rs. 11,44,477/-
 - a) Amount unspent, if any: i) Rs. 9,37,676/- (For financial year 2018-19)
 - ii) Rs. 20,00,071/- (Cumulative outstanding incld past years liability)
 - b) Manner in which the amount spent during the year is detailed below:

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
S. No.	or activity	Sector in which the project is covered	Projects or programs (1) Local area or other (2) Specify the State and district where projects or Programs was undertaken	(budget) project or programswise	programs Sub-	expenditure up to the reporting period	
1	Eradicating hunger, poverty and malnutritio n	Eradication of poverty	All India	7200/-	7,200/-	7,200/-	Through Implementing Agency
2		Promotion of culture	Jhunjhunu District, Rajasthan	70,000/-	70,000/-	70,000/-	Through Implementing Agency
3		Promotion of culture	Kolkata	20,001/-	20,001/-	20,001/-	Through Implementing Agency
4	Eradicating hunger, poverty and	Eradication of poverty	State of west Bengal, Odisha and Jharkhand	1,00,00/-	1,00,000/-	1,00,000/-	Amount spent Direct or through implementing

	malnutritio						agency
	n						
5		Eradication of poverty	All India	9,600/-	9,600/-	9,600/-	Amount spent Direct or through implementing agency
6	Eradicating hunger, poverty and malnutritio n	Eradication of poverty	Local area as well as all India	6,00,000/-	-	6,00,000/-	Direct as well as through Agency
		Promotion of culture	Local area as well as all India	3,37,676/-	-	3,37,676/-	Direct as well as through Agency

- 6. The Company is in the process of identifying various CSR activities/projects and efforts are being made to spend the requisite amount as prescribed towards CSR expenditure.
- 7. We hereby declare that the implementation and monitoring of CSR policy is in compliance with CSR objectives and policy of the company.

Shri Binod Kumar Bagaria	Shri Chetan Bagaria
Director	Chairman of CSR Committee

FORM NO. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2019

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members,
R. K. Wire Products Limited

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by R. K. Wire Products Limited (hereinafter called the Company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit and the representations made by the Company, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2019 generally complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records made available to me and maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2019 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made there under;
- (ii) The Securities Contract (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made there under:
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 2018/1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed there under;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings; Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period.
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018; **Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period.**

- (d) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 **Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period;**
- (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008 **Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period**;
- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client; Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period;
- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009 **Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit period;**
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018 **Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit period;**
- vi. I have relied on the representations made by the Company and its officers for systems and mechanism formed by the Company for compliances under other various applicable Acts, Laws, Rules and Regulations to the Company.

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India;
- (ii) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

During the period under review the Company has generally complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, etc. mentioned above subject to the following observation:

- a. The Company has not appointed a whole-time Company Secretary as mandated under Section 203 of the Act, read with Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.
- b. That the Company has not maintained a functional website as per the Listing agreement.
- c. That the Internal Auditor has not been appointed, pursuant to the provisions of Section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- d. As per the information available at the website of the Calcutta Stock Exchange, the status of the company is "Suspended" and "Non Compliant". However, I am not able to form an opinion whether the said suspension for the non-compliance status was applicable on the company during the period under scrutiny or not.

I further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted and the changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice was given to all Directors in advance to schedule the Board Meetings. Agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Decisions at the Board Meetings, as represented by the management, were taken unanimously.

I further report that as represented by the Company and relied upon by me there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines etc.

I further report that during the audit period there were no instances of:

- (i) Public/Right/Preferential issue of shares / debentures/sweat equity.
- (ii) Redemption / buy-back of securities
- (iii) Major decisions taken by the members in pursuance to section 180 of the Companies Act, 2013
- (iv) Merger / amalgamation / reconstruction, etc.
- (v) Foreign technical collaborations

I further report that during the audit period no events occurred which had bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines etc.

For **Patnaik & Patnaik** Company Secretaries

S. K. Patnaik

Partner FCS No.: 5699 C.P. No.:7117

Place: Kolkata Date: 29th May, 2019

[Note: This Report is to be read with our letter of declaration which is annexed hereto as "Annexure -A" and forms an integral part of this Report.]

To. The Members, CPL Industries Ltd.

Our Report is to be read along with this letter.

- Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the Management of the (i) Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- We have followed the audit practices and processes as appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- We have not verified the compliance by the Company of applicable financial laws such as direct and indirect tax laws and maintenance of financial records and books of accounts since the same have been subject to review by the statutory financial auditors, tax auditors and other designated professionals.
- The status of compliance of other laws as listed at (vi) in our Report, we relied upon the statement provided by the Management.
- Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events, etc.
- The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of Management. Our examination was limited to the verification of the same on test basis.
- (vii) The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Patnaik & Patnaik Company Secretaries

S. K. Patnaik

Partner FCS No.: 5699

C.P. No.:7117

Place: Kolkata

Date: 29th May, 2019

Management Discussion and Analysis

OVERVIEW OF THE ECONOMY:

India has emerged as the fastest growing major economy in the world as per the Central Statistics Organisation (CSO) and International Monetary Fund (IMF) and it is expected to be one of the top three economic powers of the world over the next 10-15 years, backed by its strong democracy and partnerships. India's GDP is estimated to have increased 7.3 % in 2018-19. Young population corresponding low dependency ratio, improved investment rating and high FDI inflow are some of the major factor of growth of the Indian economy.

INDUSTRY STRUCTURE AND DEVELOPMENTS:

It has been witnessed that Steel & Wire Manufacturing Industry is growing very fast. The demand of wires is expected to increase in leaps and bounds in the years to come. Steel Wire Rope industry in India has prospered owing to growth in infrastructure activities and demand in industrial sector. This growth was witnessed majorly due to government initiatives such as Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana, Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation (AMRUT), Smart Cities Mission, Delhi Mumbai Industrial Corridor (DMIC) and others. The primary growth drivers for steel wire ropes in India have been infrastructure development, increased industrial activity, enhanced emphasis on shipping and port sector along with growth in the mining industry. The resurgence in the Oil and Gas industry is expected to increase the number of oil rigs which will further add impetus to the growth of steel wire rope industry.

OUR BUSINESS:

Wire ropes are a value-added product, formed from wire rods, which falls in the long steel category of steel products. Over the years, with significant improvement in the strength of steel wire ropes manufactured, the usage of these steel wire ropes has significantly increased in various diverse applications.

Wire rope consists of several strands of metal wire laid (twisted) into a helix. The term "cable" is often used interchangeably with "wire rope". R K Wire Products Limited ("the Company") is a leading steel wire rope manufacturing company.

RISKS AND CONCERNS

Growth of the sector is depended on the enlargement of allied sectors. Forecasted plans and projections are subject to risk. Various kinds of risk associated with the development are Liquidity Risk, Market Risk and Operational Risk. Other dominant threats faced by the Company are in the form of competition it faces in the industry. In particular, the Company competes with other wire rope manufacturing companies, both in India and abroad, on the basis of a number of factors, including but not limited to quality, time of delivery and price. Fluctuations in the price, availability and quality of raw materials used in our manufacturing process could have a material adverse effect on cost of sales or the Company's ability to meet customer demands. There can be no assurance that the Company will always be successful in its efforts to protect the business from the volatility of the market price of raw materials, and the business can be affected by dramatic movements in prices of raw materials.

Risk is the vital factor of every business. The Company has in place a Risk management Committee which outlines the amount of risk involved in the business and various techniques for risk mitigation & Risk minimization. The Company believes that managing risks helps in maximizing returns. The Company's approach for addressing business risks is comprehensive and includes identification of Risks, periodic review of such risks and measures to for mitigating such risks.

OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS

Government's initiative of expanding infrastructure under various schemes, such as Housing for All, AMRUT, will increase the demand for wire ropes in future. Increasing urbanization in India and growth of nuclear families has led to increase in residential development. This has further increased housing requirements, which will drive the demand for wire ropes.

Rise in mining and quarrying sector will also augment the steel wire ropes in market in India. The market for steel wire rope is at a matured stage, with a limited number of players dominating the market. Steel Wire ropes are used dynamically for lifting and hosting in applications, and for transmission of mechanical power. The primary drivers of wire rope market in future will be "Housing for all by 2022" project. This will require a series of government projects to be launched which can provide impetus to the construction and allied industries and consequently to the steel wire rope market. It has been anticipated that steel wire ropes production will meet the domestic market demand owing to year-on-year increase in production capacities of the companies. "Smart Cities Mission" has planned to invest INR 1 Billion for each smart city. The aim of the mission is to improve living standards across major cities in India. The mission also aims at improving infrastructure facilities in urban areas in the country which will drive the demand of steel wire ropes in India.

The resurgence in the Oil and Gas industry is expected to increase the number of oil rigs which will further add impetus to the growth of steel wire rope industry. However, high debt levels of manufacturers and actual implementation of infrastructure projects remain a concern for the industry.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM

Your Company has in place robust Internal Control system to maximize the effectiveness and efficiency by including activities that are tailored to the nature, size and complexity of the entity. The Company follows proper hierarchy for reporting of routine activities. Direct access to the senior Management is available in extreme cases. The Company has framed proper system to report concerned areas to the Management.

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls. The Company has adequate Internal Control system with reference to financial statements and to ensure that all assets are safeguarded and protected against loss from unauthorized use or disposition. During the year, such controls were tested and no reportable material weaknesses in the design or operation were observed.

HUMAN RESOURCES

The Company's human resources strategy revolves around development of the individual. The Company undertook various Human Resources Initiative, namely –

- ➤ A Performance Management System.
- > Training Programmes in the area of behavioural, management and technical skill up-gradation.
- Development of leadership capability
- Maintaining high level of employment relationship.

HEALTH, SAFETY, SECURITY AND ENVIRONMENT

Health, safety, security and environment (HSSE) is a key priority for your Company. Simply stated, our goals are: no accidents, no harm to people and no damage to environment. The health, safety and security of everyone who works for your Company, is critical to the success of business.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT

Statement in this Report, particularly those which relate to Management Discussion and Analysis, describing the Company's objectives, projections, estimates and expectations may constitute forward looking statement within the meaning of applicable laws and regulations. Actual results might differ materially from those either.



Chartered Accountants



1, BRITISH INDIAN STREET 1ST FLOOR, SUITE # 110D KOLKATA - 700 069 (W.B.) TELEFAX : 2243 0610, 2210 4418 E-Mail : ca_akm@yahoo.co.in

Independent Auditors' Report

TO THE MEMBERS OF R. K. WIRE PRODUCTS LTD.

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **R. K. Wire Products Ltd.** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2019, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2019, the profit and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opiniou

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Material Certainty Related to Going Concern

The Company's financial statements have been prepared using the going concern basis of accounting as per SA-570. Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, including whether the use of the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate. The use of the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. As part of our audit, we conclude regarding the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements in the context of the applicable financial reporting framework.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined that there are no [other] key audit matters to communicate in our report.





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Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:



Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



Chartered Accountants



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as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies
 Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has
 adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such
 controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal & Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure "A" statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order.

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which, which, which were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books.
- (c) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss, Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.



Chartered Accountants



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- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- (e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2019, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2019, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- (f) With respects to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in 'Annexure B'; and
- (g) With respect to the other matters included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to our best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

i) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.

ii) The Company did not have long-term contracts including derivatives contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.

iii) There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For MANDAWEWALA & CO. Chartered Accountants. Firm Reg. No. 322130E

> CA Hemant Agarwal Partner.

Membership No. 313439

KONEWAL VO

Place: Kolkata

Date: 29th Day of May 2019





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Annexure A to the Independents Auditors' Report

(Referred to in Paragraph 1 under 'Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' Section of our report of even date to the members of R.K. Wire Products Ltd as at and for year ended March 31, 2019)

- 1. In respect of its fixed assets:
 - (a) The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of its fixed assets on the basis of available information.
 - (b) As explained to us, all the fixed assets have been physically verified by the management in a phased periodical manner, which in our opinion is reasonable, having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the title deeds of immovable properties are held in name of company.
- 2. As explained to us, inventories have been physically verified during the year by the management at reasonable interval and no material discrepancy was noticed on physical verification of stocks by the management as compared to book records.
- 3. The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of The Companies Act, 2013.
- 4. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act, with respect to the loans and investments made.
- 5. The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public to which directives issued by Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed there under apply.
- 6. We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the company in respect of products where, pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government of India, the maintenance of cost records has been prescribed under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and are of the opinion on that, prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have not, however, made a detailed examination of the records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- 7. According to the information and explanations given to us in respect of statutory dues:
 - (a) The undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Incometax, Sales-tax, Wealth Tax, Service Tax, Custom Duty, Excise Duty, value added tax, cess and to the extent applicable and any other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities.

There is no undisputed statutory dues arrear as at March 31, 2019, for a period not exceeding six months from the date they became payable.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there is no disputed statutory dues arrear as at March 31, 2019.
- 8. The company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or the single to any financial institution, banks, government or debenture holders during the year.



Chartered Accountants



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9. Based on our audit procedures and on the information and explanations given to us, we are of the opinion that, the Company has not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instrument) and term loan during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(ix) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

- 10. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- 11. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by provision of section 197 read with schedule V to the Act.
- 12. According to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not a Nidhi company. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- 13. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 & 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transaction have been disclosed in financial statements as required by the applicable Indian Accounting Standards.
- 14. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debenture during the year.
- 15. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has not entered entered into non cash transaction with Director or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

16. The company is not required to registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

> For MANDAWEWALA & CO. Chartered Accountants. Firm Reg. No. 322130E

> > CA Hemant Agarwal Partner.

Membership No. 313439

Place: Kolkata

Date: 29th Day of May 2019





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Annexure B to the Independents Auditors' Report

(Report on the Internal Financial Controls under clause (i) of sub-section 3 of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013.) ('the Act')

We have audited the Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting of R. K. Wire Products Ltd. ("the company") as of 31st March 2019 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the company for the year ended on that date.

Management's responsibility for internal financial controls

The company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the company considering the essential components of internal control stated in Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institution of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities includes the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Guidance Note on internal financial controls over financial Reporting (the 'Guidance Note') and the Standard of Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribe under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and, both issued by ICAI. Those standard and Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedure to obtained audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over the financial reporting and there operating effectiveness. Our audit of the internal financial controls system over the financial reporting includes obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls system over the financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on Auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risk of material misstatement of financial statement, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basical our audit opinion on the company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial controls over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transaction and disposition of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statement in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorization of the Management and directors of the Company; and (3)



Chartered Accountants



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provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitation of Internal Financial Controls over Financial reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, includes the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatement due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial control over financial reporting were operate effectively as at 31st March 2019, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institution of Chartered Accountants of India.

For MANDAWEWALA & CO.

Chartered Accountants. Firm Reg. No. 322130E

CA Hemant Agarwal Partner.

Membership No. 313439

Place: Kolkata

Date: 29th Day of May 2019

R. K. WIRE PRODUCTS LTD. CIN:L17233WB1983PLC036948 Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2019

Particulars	Note No.	As on 31st March 2019	As on 31st March 2018	As on 31st March 2017
Assets				
Non-Current Assets		The same of the sa		
Property, Plant and Equipment	4	100,022,527.55	64,473,013.81	52,605,318,05
Capital Work-in-Progress			-	_
Investment Property		-	-	
Other Intangible Assets	5	345,000.00	483,000.00	621,000.00
Financial Assets				
-Investment	6	706,955.00	706,955.00	1,206,955.00
-Loans		-	-	
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)		-	-	
Other Non Current Assets	7	1,259,555.81	627,052.00	993,674.00
Current Assets				
Inventories	8	54,209,100.72	30,316,583.49	38,783,706.42
Financial Assets				
Trade Receivables	9	295,197,654.59	215,139,607.49	129,873,896.93
Cash and Cash Equivalents	10	1,242,369.27	1,499,226.23	15,371,245.88
Other Current Assets	7	59,170,271.03	59,725,234.49	69,286,216.04
Total Assets		512,153,433.98	372,970,672.51	308,742,012.28
Equity and Liabilities				
Equity				
Equity Share Capital	11	7,498,000.00	7,498,000.00	7,498,000.00
Other Equity	12	245,833,770.57	178,135,573.62	142,597,911 07
		253,331,770.57	185,633,573.62	150,095,911.07
Liabilities				
Non-Current Liabilities				
Financial Liabilities				
-Borrowings	13	56,802,177.43	16,465,064.00	
Provisions		-	-	*
Deffered Tax Liabilities	14	7,352,394.00	4,994,628.00	3,945,719.00
Current Liabilities				
Financial Liabilities				
-Other Financial Liabilities		-		-
Other Current Liabilities	15	170,334,879.98	147,718,145.07	137,947,108.21
Provisions	16	299,247.00	745,775.80	93,274.00
Current Tax Liabilities (Net)	17	24,032,965.00	17,413,486.00	16,660,000.00
Total Equity and Liabilities		512,153,433.98	372,970,672.51	308,742,012,28

Previous Year's figures have been regrouped/ rearranged wherever necessary.

In terms of our report of even date.

For MANDAWEWALA & CO.

Chartered Accountants

Firms Registration No.322130E

CA Hemant Agarwal

Partner M.No.313439

Dated:- The 29th day of May 2019

Chetan Bagaria DIN-01226808 Binod Kumar Bagaria DIN-00484802 Ajay Kumar Bagaria DIN-02279537

DIN-00484802

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R. K. WIRE PRODUCTS LTD, CIN:L17233WB1983PLC036948

Statement of Profit & Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2019

Particulars	Note No	For the year ended 31.03.2019	For the year ended 31.03.2018
Revenue			
Revenue from Operations	18	1,102,448,691.50	736,030,752.30
Other Income	19	2,970,448.25	11,433,426.29
Total Revenue		1,105,419,139.75	747,464,178.59
Expenses			
Cost of materials consumed	20	672,231,981.90	584,837,604.45
Purchase of Stock-In-Trade	21	241,391,250.77	17,630,281.78
Operating expenses	22	45,185,796.85	26,463,441.49
(Increase)/ Decrease in Inventories	23	-20,922,777.53	13,904,700.79
Employee Benefit Expenses	24	16,136,756.20	15,150,007.32
Finance Cost	25	6,591,164.70	2,244,361.54
Depreciation & Amortization Expenses		5,672,967.00	4,007,416.00
Other Expenses	26	45,122,731.14	27,605,707.03
Total Expenses		1,011,409,871.03	691,843,520.40
Profit before exceptional and extraordinary items and tax		94,009,268.72	55,620,658.19
Exceptional Items		74,281.24	-1,492,556.65
Profit before Extraordinary Items and Tax		94,083,549.96	54,128,101.54
Profit before Tax		94,083,549.96	54,128,101.54
Tax Expense			
Current Tax		24,027,587.00	17,446,400.00
Less: MAT Credit for Current Year			-
Taxes for Earlier Years		-	95,130.00
Deferred Tax		2,357,766.00	1,048,909.00
Profit for the Year		67,698,196.96	35,537,662.54
Other Comprehensive Income		_	
Total Comprehensive Income for the period		67,698,196.96	35,537,662.54
Earning per Equity Share			
1) Basic		90.29	47.40
2) Diluted		90.29	47.40

Previous Year's figures have been regrouped/ rearranged wherever necessary

In terms of our report of even date.

For MANDAWEWALA & CO.

Chartered Accountants

Firms Registration No.3221301

CA Hemant Agarwal

Partner

M.No.313439

Dated:- The 29th day of May 2019

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Chetan Bagaria DIN-01226808 Binod Kumar Bagaria DIN-00484802 Ajay Kumar Bagaria DIN-02279537

R. K. WIRE PRODUCTS LTD. Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31,03,2019 CIN:L17233WB1983PLC036948

Particulars	For the Year Ended 31.03.2019 INR	For the Year Ended 31.03.2018 INR
Cash Flow from Operating Activities:		
Net Profit before Tax and extraordinary items:	94,083,549.96	54,128,101.54
Adjustment for:	94,003,349.90	34,126,101.34
Depreciations	5,672,967.00	4,007,416.00
Provision for leave & Bonus	5,672,967.00	745,775.80
Interest/Dividend	(1,869,733.02)	(2,279,380.06)
Interest paid on Loans	6,591,164.70	2,244,361.54
Short Term Capital Gain	6,391,164.70	2,244,301.34
Net Loss on sale of Fixed Assets sold/discarded	(74,281,24)	1,492,556.65
	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
Operating Profit before working Capital Changes	104,403,667.40	60,338,831.47
Adjustment for:	(80058047.10)	(050/5710 5/)
Trade and Other receivables	(80058047.10)	(85265710.56)
Inventories	(23,892,517.23)	8,467,122.93
Trade Payables	22,616,734.91	9,771,036.89
I,oans & Advances	(77,540.35)	9,927,603.53
Cash generated from operations	22,992,297.63	3,238,884.26
Direct Taxes paid	(17,408,108.00)	(16,788,044.00)
Payment of leave & bonus	(446,528.80)	(93,274.00)
Cash flow before extraordinary items	5,137,660.83	(13,642,433.74)
Extraordinary items :	1	
Government Subsidy Received	-	-
Net Cash flow from Operating Activity [A]	5,137,660.83	(13,642,433.74)
B. Cash Flow from investing Activities	1	
Purchase of Fixed Assets	(41,708,199.50)	(18,220,239.44)
Sales of Intangible Assets Assets	138,000.00	-
Net effect of Sale/Purchase of Mutual Fund	-	500,000.00
Sale of Fixed Assets	560,000.00	990,571,40
Interest Received	1,868,036.22	2,277,805.66
Dividend Received	1,696.80	1,574.40
Net Cash flow from investing Activities [B]	(39,140,466.48)	(14,450,287.98)
C. Cash Flow from Financing Activities		
Proceeds from Long Tenn Borrowings	40,337,113.43	16465064.00
Interest Paid	(6,591,164.70)	(2,244,361.54)
Net Cash flow from Financing Activities [C]	33,745,948.73	14,220,702.46
Net increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents [A+B+C]	(256,856.92)	(13,872,019.26)
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Opening Balance)	1,499,226.23	15,371,245.88
Cash and Cash Equivalents (Closing Balance)	1,242,368.92	1,499,226.62

In terms of our report of even date.

For MANDAWEWALA & CO.

Chartered Accountants

Firms Registration No.322130E

Partner

M.No.313439

Dated:- The 29th day of May 2019

Chetan Bagaria DIN-01226808

DIN-00484802

Binod Kumar Bagaria Ajay Kumar Bagaria DIN-02279537

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31.03.2019

1. CORPORATE AND GENERAL INFORMATION

R,K,Wire Products Limited ("the Company") was incorporated as a Public Limited Company in India under the Companies Act 1956. An ISO 9001:2008 organization engaged in the field of manufacturing various kinds of steel wires, BIS certified products that conform to ASTM,BS,DIN and JIS specifications. R.K. Wire Products is listed with CSE(Calcutta Stock Exchange). Since the Calcutta Stick Exchange is not in operation during the year under review, the company has not fulfilled the listing requirements as applicable to the Company during the year under review.

BASIS OF PREPARATION AND PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT

1.1. Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") as prescribed by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended), other relevant provisions of the Act and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

The financial statements for all periods up to and including the year ended 31st March, 2017, were prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) in India, which includes the accounting standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and other provisions of the Act (collectively referred to as "Indian GAAP").

Since the company has adopted preparation of Financial Statement as per the Ind AS w.e.f Financial Year 2017-18, These financial statements pertaining to the Financial year ended 31st March, 2019, comply in all material aspects with IND AS modified under section 133 of the companies Act, 2013 and other Provision of the Act.

1.2. Basis of Measurement

The Company maintains accounts on accrual basis following the historical cost convention, except for followings:

- Certain Financial Assets and Liabilities is measured at Fair value/ Amortised cost (refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments);
- Derivative Financial Instruments measured at fair value;
- Defined Benefit Plans plan assets measured at fair value; and
- Biological Assets At fair value less cost to sell

1.3. Functional and Presentation Currency

The Financial Statements are presented in Indian Rupee (INR), which is the functional currency of the Company and the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

1.4. Use of Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires judgements, estimates and assumptions to be made that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities on the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Difference between the actual results and estimates are recognized in the period in which the results are known/materialized.

1.5. Presentation of Financial Statements

The Balance Sheet and the Statement of Profit and Loss are prepared and presented in the format prescribed in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"). The Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared and presented as per the requirements of Ind AS 7 "Statement of Cash flows". The disclosure requirements with respect to items in the Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss, as prescribed in the Schedule III to the Act, are presented by way of notes forming part of the financial statements along with the other notes required to be disclosed under the notified Indian Accounting Standards and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (as amended).

1.6. Operating Cycle for current and non-current classification

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 and Ind AS 1. The Company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

An asset is classified as current when it is:

- > Expected to be realized or intended to sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; or



Current tax liabilities (or assets) for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be paid to (recovered from) the taxation authorities using the tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted, at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred Tax

Deferred Tax assets and liabilities is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for taxation purposes (i.e., tax base). Deferred tax is also recognized for carry forward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period. The Company reduces the carrying amount of a deferred tax asset to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow the benefit of part or that entire deferred tax asset to be utilized. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available.

Deferred tax relating to items recognized outside the Statement of Profit and Loss is recognized either in other comprehensive income or in equity. Deferred tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

2.3. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

TANGIBLE ASSETS

Recognition and Measurement:

Property, plant and equipment held for use in the production or/and supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses (if any).

Cost of an item of property, plant and equipment acquired comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting any trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable costs of bringing the assets to its working condition and location for its intended use and present value of any estimated cost of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

In case of self-constructed assets, cost includes the costs of all materials used in construction, direct labour, allocation of directly attributable overheads, directly attributable borrowing costs incurred in bringing the item to working condition for its intended use, and estimated cost of dismentling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located. The costs of testing whether the asset is functioning properly, after deducting the net proceeds from selling items produced while bringing the asset to that location and condition are also added to the cost of self-constructed assets.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, then they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Profit or loss arising on the disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Subsequent Measurement:

Subsequent costs are included in the assot's carrying amount, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the cost incurred will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced.

Operating Lease

Assets acquired on leases where a significant portion of risk and reward is retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Lease rental are charged to statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term, except where scheduled increase in rent compensates the Company with expected inflationary costs.

2.5. REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue is recognised based to the extent it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the company and revenue can be reliably measured regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment.

Sale of Goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized on transfer of significant risks and rewards of ownership to customers based on the contract with the customers for delivery. Revenue includes excise duty and are net of returns and allowances, trade discounts, volume rebates ad sales tax/goods and service tax

Other Income:

Interest Income: For all debt instruments measured either at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI), interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset.

Dividend Income: Dividend income is accounted in the period in which the right to receive the same is established.

Other Income: Other items of income are accounted as and when the right to receive such income arises and it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the amount of income can be measured reliably.

2.6. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Short Term Benefits

Short term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related services are provided. Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognized in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period.

Gratuity/Superannuation are provided for in the accounts on accrual basis on the valuation made by the Life Insurance. Corporation of India and the payments are made to the Life Insurance Corporation of India through trustees of the funds.

Provision for Leave Encashment has been made on accural basis as calculated on the basis of last pay drawn and uavailed leave, assuming that all employees are retiring on Balance Sheet date.

Other Long Term Employee Benefits

Post Employment Benefits

The Company operates the following post employment schemes:

Defined Contribution Plan

Defined contribution plans such as Provident Fund, Employee State Insurance etc. are charged to the statement of profit and loss as and when incurred.

Defined Benefit Plans

The liability or asset recognized in the Balance Sheet in respect of defined benefit plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by Actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

The liability recognized for defined benefit plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date less the fair value of plan assets, together with adjustments for unrecognized actuarial gains or losses and past service costs. The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. The benefits are discounted using the government securities (G-Sec) at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of related obligation.

Measured at FVTOCI: A debt instrument is measured at the FVTOCI if the objective of the business model is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets and the asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPI.

Debt instruments meeting these criteria are measured initially at fair value plus transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at fair value with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income, except for impairment gains or losses and foreign exchange gains or losses. Interest calculated using the effective interest method is recognized in the statement of profit and loss in investment income.

It is to be further noted that with respect to the F.Y. 2018-19, the company has recorded no income that is to be measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI).

Measured at FVTPL: FVTPL is a residual category for debt instruments. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as FVTPL. In addition, the company may elect to designate a debt instrument, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVTOCI criteria, as at FVTPL. Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Equity instruments which are, held for trading are classified as at FVTPL.

Equity Instruments designated at FVTOCI: For equity instruments, which has not been classified as FVTPL as above, the company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable. In case the company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to P&L, even on sale of investment.

Derecognition:

The Company derecognizes a financial asset on trade date only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

Impairment of Financial Assets:

The Company assesses at each date of balance sheet whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Ind AS – 109 requires expected credit losses to be measured through a loss allowance. The company recognizes impairment loss for trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction using expected credit loss model, which involves use of a provision matrix constructed on the basis of historical credit loss experience. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12 month expected credit losses or at an amount equal to the life time expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition.

Financial Liabilities

Recognition and Initial Measurement:

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables or as derivatives, as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

Subsequent Measurement:

Financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

Derecognition:

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the counterparty.

Useful lives of depreciable/amortisable assets: Management reviews its estimate of the useful lives of depreciable/amortisable assets at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets. Uncertainties in these estimates relate to actual normal wear and tear that may change the utility of plant and equipment.

Classification of Leases: The Company enters into leasing arrangements for various assets. The classification of the leasing arrangement as a finance lease or operating lease is based on an assessment of several factors, including, but not limited to, transfer of ownership of leased asset at end of lease term, lessee's option to purchase and estimated certainty of exercise of such option, proportion of lease term to the asset's economic life, proportion of present value of minimum lease payments to fair value of leased asset and extent of specialized nature of the leased asset.

Defined Benefit Obligation (DBO): Employee benefit obligations are measured on the basis of actuarial assumptions which include mortality and withdrawal rates as well as assumptions concerning future developments in discount rates, medical cost trends, anticipation of future salary increases and the inflation rate. The Company considers that the assumptions used to measure its obligations are appropriate. However, any changes in these assumptions may have a material impact on the resulting calculations.

Provisions and Contingencies: The assessments undertaken in recognising provisions and contingencies have been made in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) 37, 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets'. The evaluation of the likelihood of the contingent events is applied best judgement by management regarding the probability of exposure to potential loss.

Impairment of Financial Assets: The Company reviews its carrying value of investments carried at amortized cost annually, or more frequently when there is indication of impairment. If recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is accounted for.

Allowances for Doubtful Debts: The Company makes allowances for doubtful debts through appropriate estimations of irrecoverable amount. The identification of doubtful debts requires use of judgment and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of the trade and other receivables and doubtful debts expenses in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

Fair value measurement of financial Instruments: When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the Discounted Cash Flow model. The input to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility.

> Chetan Bagaria DIN: 01226808

Binod Kumar Bagaria

Ajay Kumar Bagaria DIN: 00484802 DIN: 02279537

M/S. R. K. WIRE PRODUCTS LTD.

Depreciation as per Companies Act, 2013

Fixed Assets

Fixed Assets	1											
			_	S BLOCK					EPRECIATION		NET BLC	
Particulars	Costas at		Rate	Additions	Deduction	As at	Upto	For the	Adjustment	Upto	As at	As at
	01.04.2018	Expected Life		during	during	3/31/2019	3/31/2018	Year		3/31/2019	3/31/2019	31.03.2018
TANGIBLE ASSETS:		(Years)		the year	the year							
OWN ASSETS:								P/L				
Land	300,130,00					300,130.00					200 480 88	575 404 44
Office Space	15.749,110 00	30 00	<u> </u>			15.749.110.00	53,288.00		-	-	300,130.00	300 130.00
Factory Bullding	4,919,656.61	30 00	0.03	- 4 44 1 14 1 11				498,722.00	-	552,010.00	15,197,100.00	15,695 822 00
Factory Shed	6,450,977.07	30 00	0.03	1,264.819.00		6,184,475.61 6,450.977.07	1,596,821 48	182,299 00		1,779,120 48	4,405,355.13	3,322,835 13
Factory Shed- (kedamagar)	10 118,064,0	30 00	0.03	14,240,348,17			2 140 728 6D	204,259 DD	-	2,344,987 60	4,105.989 47	4,310,248 47
NEW FACTORY WIP	1 947 586.53	30 00	0 03	14,240,348.17	4 4 4 7 7 4 4 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	14 240,348 17		178 002.00		178 002.00	14.062 346.17	-
	1 847 365.33	15 00	0.05	40.000.004.45	1,947,586 53	- 40.000.004.15						1,947 588 53
P & M (Kedemagar)			0 05	13,080,601.45		13,080,601 45		183 676 DD		183.676 00	12 896,925 45	
Computer (kedemagar)	32,057,803 44	3 00	0 10				,					
		15 00	0 05	12,984,295.34	-	45,042,098 78	6,386,781.08	2,443,768 00	'	8,830,549 08	36,211,549.70	25,671,022,36
Take-up Machine	3,151,345 00	15 00	0 05			3.151,345.00	571 542.51	201,853 00		773,395 51	2,377,949.49	2,579,802.49
P & M (éxténsion)	3,968,758 08	15.00	0.05		_	3 968,758 08	2 470.720 74	347,566 00		2 818,286 74	1 150,471 34	1,498,037 34
Electrical Installation	2 212 950 11	10.00	0 07			2,212,950 11	1,784,770 24	164 343 CO		1 349,113 24	863 836 87	1,028 179 87
Electric Weigh bridge	325 300 00	10 00	0.07	-	-	325,300 00	305,699 32	1,668 00		307,367 32	17,932 69	19 600 69
Office Equipment	131,516 95	5 00	0 05		·	131,516 95	105,D4D,47	4,423 00	•	109,463 47	22,053 48	26,476 48
Laboratory Equip.	345,622 00	10.00	0.05			345.622 00	305.133.53	4,753.00		309 886 53	35 735.47	40,488 47
Fax Machine	49,75D.DD	5.00	0.05		·	49,750.00	47,262,60		•	47,262 60	2,487,40	2 487 4D
Furniture & Fixtures	1,137,573.33	10.00	0.05	-	-	1,137,573 33	96,932.63	109,112.00	-	20B,044 B3	931,528.70	1,040 640 70
Weighing Scale	60,154.94	15 00	0.05	,	·	60,154 94	4D,647,01	1,815 00	-	42,462 01	17,692 93	19,507 93
Weighment Machine	52,300.00	15 00	D D5	-	-	52,300 00	32,600 54	4,271 00		36,871 54	15,428.47	19,699 47
Wire Drawing Machine	3,676,850.00	15,00	0.05		·	3,676,850 DD	1,451,803 62	255,150 00		1,706,953 62	1,969,896,38	2,225 046.38
Pollutian Control	206.450.00	15.00	D 05	-	- [206,450 00	196,126.72	5,661.00	-	201,787 72	4,562.28	10.323 28
Generator Set(diesel)	1,021,000.00	15 00	0 05			1,D21,000 DD	650,901.89	57,759 00	-	708,660 89	312,339.11	370,098 11
Air Conditioner	339,530 22	10 00	0.05	322.265.61	-	661 795 83	219,691 72	54,118 00		273,809 72	387,985,11	119,838 50
UPS	842,649.15	15 00	0 05			842,649 15	369,906 34	61 2 88 00	-	431,194 34	411,454 81	472 74 2 81
Lathe Machine	156 200 00	15 00	0 05	-	-	156,200 00	90,512 74	11,575 00		102,087 74	54,112 2 6	65,687 26
Fire Extinguish	159,524 5D	15 00	0 05			159 524.50	57,701.35	11,398 00	•	69,099 35	90,425.15	101,823.15
Computer	802,812 03	3 00 1	0 10	116,967,00	-	919 779 03	356,743 28	181,155 00		537,898 28	381,88D.75	446,068 75
Motor Car	5,372,300 00	8 00 .	6 10	1,646,489.46	1,47D,173 00	5,548,618 46	2,254 269 26	498,210 00	984,454 25	1,768,025 01	3 780,591.45	3,118 030 74
Motor cycle	48 380 00		0 10			48,380 00	27,590 51	6,123.00	-	33,713 51	14,666 49	20 789 49
<u>Total</u>	85,486,229,96			43,655.786.03	3,417,759.53	125,724,256.46	21,013,216.15	5,672,967.00	984,454.25	25,701,728.91	100,022,527.55	64,473,013.81
Previous year	70,979,997.12		- 1	18,220.239.44	3.714,006.60	85,486.229.96	18,374.679.08	3,859,416.00	1,230,878.52	21,013,216.56	64,473,013.40	52,605,318.05



Chetan Bagaria Binod Kumar Bagaria DIN-01226808 DIN-00484802

Ajay Kumar Bagaria DUN-02279537

R. K. WIRE PRODUCTS LTD. Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2019

Particulars	As on 31st March 2019	As on 31st March 2018	As on 31st March 2017
Note No:5			
Intangible Assets			
Corporate Membership	483,000 00	621,000.00	690,000 00
Less: Accumulated Amortisation Cost	138,000.00	138,000.00	69,000.00
Net Amount	345,000.00	483,000,00	621,000.00

	As on 31st March 2019	As on 31st March 2018	As on 31st March 2017
Particulars	3134 1341 (11 2013	313(1/14/(1) 2010	51st Wintell 2017
Note No:6			
Non-Current Investment			
Trade Investment			
In Equity Shares (Fully Paid up), Quoted.			
Great Eastern Shipping Co. Ltd. (C.Y180, P.Y180)(MV: Rs 61,353/61,353)	16,610 00	16,610 00	16,610.00
Mahindra Lifespace Developers Ltd (C.Y -20, P.Y -20)(MV:Rs 7,323/7,323)	1,845 00	1,845 00	1,845.00
Balaji Galvanising Indus Ltd (C Y325000, P.Y325000)	687.500 00	687,500 00	687,500.00
	705,955.00	705,955.00	705,955.00
Unquoted			
Bharati Tel Udyog Pvt. 1.td.	1,000 00	1,000.00	1,000.00
ICICI Prudential Flexible Income Plan		-	500,000.00
Total Investments	706,955.00	706,955.00	1,206,955.00

	As on 31st March 2019	As on 31st March 2018	As on 31st March 2017
Particulars Note No:7	`		
Other Assets Non-Current			
Advance Against Property	1,000,555,01		-
Security Deposit	1,259,555,81	627,052 00	993,674.00
Total of Non-Current Assets	1,259,555.81	627,052.00	993,674.00
Current			
Sundry Deposits:			
Earnest Money Deposit (EMD)	2,446,860.80	7,524,410.80	7,099,248.00
Fixed Deposit	28,332,651.97	17,241,133.20	18,911,872 20
Advances for Machinery	425,000.00	4,021,380 00	2,710,000.00
Staff & Labour Advance	199,107.00	57,075.00	42,450.00
Other Advances	- 1	-	
Advance Payment To Creditors	1,159,420.46	887,177.62	2,487,650.31
CST Appeal Deposit	41,470.00	285,150 00	122,600.00
Excise Appeal Deposit	356,981 90	293,396 00	
Advance Income Tax & Tax Deducted at Source		·	
Advance & Self Assessment Income Tax paid	25,350,000 00	17,500,000 00	17,000,000.00
Tax Collected at Source current Year	15,832 00	12,563 00	12852,00
Tax Deducted at Source current Year	137,465 90	152,176.00	163304.00
Income Tax Refundable	237,281 00	613,931 00	131216 00
Indirect tax Recoverable		,	
-GST Receivable	468,200 00	11,068,593.10	
-VAT Input Credit	[]	25,962.87	18,898,615.91
-Central Excise Duty		42,285.90	1,531,004 62
- Service Tax Credit Unavailed			175,403.00
Total of Current Assets	59,170,271.03	59,725,234.49	69,286,216.04

Chetan Bagaria Binod Kumar Bagaria
DIN-01226808 DIN-00484802

DIRECTORS

A. x. oxag

Particulars	As on 31st March 2019	As on 31st March 2018	As on 31st March 2017
Note No:8			
Inventories			
a)Raw Materials (At Cost)	26,491,293.32	23,521,553 62	18,083,975 76
b)Finished Goods	25,403,299.00	5,090,948.46	19,870,274.00
c)Scrap & Wastage-at estimated realisable value	2,314,508 40	1,704,081 41	829,456.66
	54,209,100.72	30,316,583,49	38,783,706,42

	As on 31st March 2019	As on 31st March 2018	As on 31st March 2017
Particulars			,
Note No:9			
Trade Receivables			
Unsecured			
Considered Good	295,197,654.59	215,139,607.49	129,873,896.93
	295,197,654,59	215,139,607.49	129,873,896.93

Particulars	As on 31st March 2019	As on 31st March 2018	As on 31st March 2017
Note No:10			
Cash and Bank Balances			
Cash-in-Hand	438,840.00	4,779.78	250,624.68
Cash at Bank			
Bank Balance with Scheduled Banks	803,529.27	1,494.446.45	15,120,621.20
	1,242,369.27	1,499,226.23	15,371,245.88

A. 2. Logaria Ajay Kumar Bagaria DIN-02279537



	As on	As on	As on
	31st March 2019	31st March 2018	31st March 2017
Particulars	· .	•	
Note No:11			
Equity Share Capital			
<u>Authorised</u>			
1000000 Equity Share of '10/- each.	10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00
Issued and Subscribed			
750000 Equity Shares of 10/- cach	7,500,000.00	7,500,000.00	7,500,000,00
<u>Paid up</u>			
749800 Equity Shares of '10/- each fully Paid up	7,498,000 00	7,498,000 00	7,498,000 00
	7,498,000.00	7,498,000.00	7,498,000,00
Reconcilation of number of Shares outstanding at the beginning and at			
the end of of the reporting period			
At the beginning of the period	749,800 00	749,800 00	749,800 00
Issued during the year	-	-	
At the end of the reporting period	749,800,00	749.800.00	749.800.00

Rights, preferences, restrictions attached to the Equity Shares

Rights, preferences, restrictions attached to the Equity Shares.

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except interim dividend. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, if any. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders

Details Of Shares held by shareholder.	s more than 5% of the	1		
aggregate of the Company		No. of Shares	No. of Shares	No. of Shares
Equity Shares		1		
Ajay Kumar Bagaria		130,580 00	130,580 00	105,580 00
	% of Holdings	17 42%	17 42%	L4 08%
Atul Kumar Bagaria		46,400 00	46,400 00	46,400 00
-	% of Holdings	6 19%	6 19%	6 19%
Binod Kumar Bagaria	-	98,630 00	98,630 00	98,630 00
Ü	% of Holdings	13 15%	13 15%	13 15%
Kala Devi Bagaria		49,200 00	49,200 00	41,000.00
	% of Holdings	6.56%	6 56%	5 48%
Anita Bagaria		64,900 00	64,900 00	60,800 00
5	% of Holdings	8 66%	8 66%	8 11%

Particulars		Other Equity			Other Comprehensive	
FARTICUIARS	Retained Earnings	Securities Premium	General Reserve	Capital Reserve	Tucome	IstaT
	•	,	*	•		
Note No:12						
Balance at 1st April 2017	119,572,528,51	5,000,000.00	18,024,382.56	1,000.00	-	142,597,911.07
Add: Profit for the year from Continuing Operations	35,537,662 54					35,537,662 54
Add: Transfer to General Reserve	1,000,000 00		1,000,000 00	-	-	2,000,000 00
Balance at 31st March 2018	154,110,191,05	5,000,000.00	19,024,382.56	1,000.00	-	178,135,573.62
Balance at 1st April 2018	154,110,191.05	5,000,000.00	19,024,382,56	1,000.00	-	178,135,573.62
Add: Profit for the year from Continuing Operations	67,698,196 96				-	67,698,196 96
Add: Transfer to General Reserve	1,000,000 00		1,000,000 00			2,000,000 00
Balance at 31st March 2019	220,808,388.01	5,000,000.00	20,024,382.56	1,000,00	-	245,833,770.57

Chetan Bagaria Binod Kumar Bagaria

DIN-01226808 DIN-00484802

Alay Kumar Baggeia DIN-02279537 DIRECTORS

A.Z.



	As on 31st March 2019	As on 31st March 2018	As on 31st March 2017
Particulars		•	`
Note No:13			
Secured Loans			
From KDFC Bank			
Term Loan (For Details Refer to Note No. 1.8 of Notes on Financial St.)	6,004,376 98		
Car Loan	1,050,000 00		
Unsecured Loans			
From Others(other than Banks)	49,747,800 45	16,465,064.00]
	56,802,177.43	16,465,064.00	-

Particulars	As on 31st March 2019	As on 31st March 2018	As on 31st March 2017
Note No:14 Deferred Tax Liabilities			
Opening Balance	4,994,628.00	3,945,719.00	3,627,030 00
Provision During The Year	2.357,766 00	1,048,909 00	318,689.00
	7,352,394.00	4,994,628.00	3,945,719.00

	As on 31st March 2019	As on 31st March 2018	As on 31st March 2017
Particulars	,		*
Note No:15			
Other Current Liabilities			
Sundry Creditors	107,463,989 40	79,261,021 00	116,032,364 88
Canara Bank Term Loan		7,608,698 00	-
(For Details Refer to Note No 1 9 of Notes on Financial Statetments)			
HDFC OD (For Details Refer to Note No. 1.8 of Notes on Financial St.)	16,158,362 66	33,690,447 75	
Trade Payable for Expenses	33,899,377 53	14,925,045 36	13,006,067 20
Advance from customers	9,524,016.28	10,976,492.96	5,943,868 21
Other Payables-Statutory Liabilities	3,289,134 11	1,256,440.00	2,964,807.92
_	170,334,879.98	147,718,145,07	137,947,108.21

P artic ulars	As on 31st March 2019	As on 31st March 2018	As on 31st March 2017
Note No:16			
Provisions			
Provision for Leave Pay & Bonus	299,247 00	745,775 80	93.274 00
	299,247.00	745,775.80	93,274.00

Particulars	As on 31st March 2019	As on 31st March 2018	As on 31st March 2017
Note No:17			
For Income Tax			
Provision For Income Tax F Y 2016-17	- 1	-	16,660,000 00
Provision For Income Tax F.Y.2017-18		17,413,486 00	
Provision For Income Tax F.Y 2018-19	24,032,965.00		-
	24,032,965.00	17.413,486.00	16,660,000.00

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A. Z. by Ajay Kumar Bagaria DIN-02279537

Particulars	As on 31st March 2019	As on 31st March 2018
Note No:18		
Revenue from Operations		
Sales Of Products	1,298,312,310 30	865,512,601.35
Less:GST	195.863,618 80	129,481,849.05
	1,102,448,691.50	736.030,752.30

	As on 31st March 2019	As on 31st March 2018
Particulars	•	·
Note No:19		
Other Incomes		
Interest Income	1,868,036.22	2,277,805.66
Dividend Income	1,696.80	1,574.40
Rent Received		
Short Term Capital Gain		_
Profit\Loss On Hedging		-
Outy Draw Back	851,578 00	43,234 00
Sundry Creditors Written Off	227,898 07	8,313,097 23
Discount & Others	21.239 16	797,715 00
	2,970,448.25	11,433,426.29

	As on 31st March 2019	As on 31st March 2018
Particulars	•	
Note No:20		
Cost of Materials Consumed		
Opening Stock	23,521,553 62	18,083,975 76
Add:Purchase	668,012,393.97	586,297,427 00
	691,533,947 59	604,381,402 76
Less: Closing Stock	26.491,293.32	23,521,553 62
_	665,042,654 27	580,859,849 14
Stores Consumed	7,189,327.63	3,977,755.31
	672,231,981.90	584,837,604.45

Particulars	As on 31st March 2019	As on 31st March 2018
Note No:21	241,391,250 77	17,630,281.78
Purchase Trading Goods	241,391,250.77	17,630,281.78

Ajay Kumar Bagaria DIN-02279537 DIRECTORS



	As on	As on
	31st March 2019	_ 31st March 2018
Particulars Particulars	·	
Note No:22		
Operational & Manufacturing Expenses		
Power & Fuel -Factory	14,102,228.34	10,951,131 37
Conversion Charges	1,708,347 50	2,989,002 55
Testing Charges	212,925 00	35,828 00
Labour charges	1,173,765 00	414,331.00
Material Shifting Charges	863,192 00	637,815 00
Net Freight Charges Inward	16,928,978 33	4,533,794 83
Entry Tax	16,720 00	95,892 22
Import expenses	1,525,189 89	59,006.00
Wire Drawing Charges	2,865,910 00	2,223,500 00
Repair & Maintenance Charges		
Plant & Machinery	5,763,103 79	4,505,210 52
Calibration Charges	25,437 00	17,930 00
	45.185,796.85	26,463,441.49

Particulars_	As on 31st March 2019	As on 31st March 2018
Note No:23		
Changes in Inventories Of Finished Goods, Stock -in-Trade & Scrap	i i	
Opening Stock	6,795,029 87	20,699,730 66
Less:Closing Stock	27,717,807,40	6,795,029 87
	-20,922,777.53	13,904,700.79

	As on 31st March 2019	As on 31st March 2018	
Particulars Particulars	•	•	
Note No:24			
Employee Benefit Expenses		,	
Salaries & Bonus	12,077,300 20	10,743,668.00	
Wages	2,834,972.00	3,059,484 80	
Employers Contribution to Provident Fund	383,639 00	396,134 32	
Gratuity	461,684 00	25,000.00	
Leave Encashment	51,390.00	334,804.80	
Staff Welfare Expenditure	187,902.00	447,862 92	
Employers contribution to E.S.I.	139,869.00	143,052.48	
	16,136,756.20	15,150,007,32	

Particulars	As on 31st March 2019	As on 31st March 2018	
Note No:25			
Finance Cost			
Bank Interest	1,277,044 00	723,372.00	
Interest on Term Loan	679,229 98	337,649 00	
Interest on Unsecured Loan	3,509,404.00	742,412 00	
Bill Discounting Charges	1,125,486 72	440,928 54	
	6,591,164.70	2,244,361.54	

A. 2. 60 Ajay Kumar Bagaria DIN-02279537

	As on	As on	
	31st March 2019	31st March 2018	
Particulars Particulars		•	
Note No:26			
Others Expenses			
Auditors Remuneration			
Audit Fees	40,000.00	46,000 00	
Tax Audit Fees	10,000 00	13,800.00	
Advertisement	57,249 52	27,328.00	
AMC Charges	148,654.80	151,800.00	
Bank Charges & Commission	1,738,899.17	2,645,853 15	
Brokerage	2,927,140 00	1,253,730.00	
Commission paid	19,611,316.13	8,678,179.79	
Computer Expenses	69,209 94	6,594.59	
CST & VAT Paid for earliers years	119,128.00	122,600.00	
Vat Settlement Schemes	535,120 00	,	
Donation	206,801 00	283,001.00	
Electric Expenses	87,500 00	53,425.00	
Filing Fecs	13,906 00	14,937.00	
General Expenses	198,883.17	50,090.65	
Insurance	192,737 57	210,270.00	
Statutory Payment disallowed	600,804 00	210,270.00	
Duty paid on assessment	153,610 00	_	
R&D Expenses	450,000 00	_	
Interest on excise duty and Service tax	162,889 00		
Interest & Late Fees on Statutory Dues	48,651 00	1,088.00	
Legal & Professional Charges	2,554,925 84	942,063.05	
Listing Fees	2,551,52507	28,750 00	
Motor Car Expenses	747,433 84	597,914.75	
Office Expenses	170,269 43	87,282 55	
Office Maintenance	293,900 82	310,172.49	
Pollution Control Fees	46,750 00	197,790 00	
Postage & Courier	111,994 70	81,668 45	
Printing & Stationery	89,936 69	132,083.17	
Rates & Taxes	1,064,941.00	480,695 00	
Rebate & Deductions	146,148 30		
Renewal fees	5,340,000.00	281,912 30	
Rent	348,557.03	5,220,000.00	
Sales promotion	352,573 00	109,336 49	
Security Charges	775 40 770	333,522 00	
Service Tax Shortage Delivery	336,407.78	307,405.40	
Shorage Derivery Subscription charges	414,868 41	225,375.59 216,164.66	
Telephone Expenses	98,665 91	104,873 53	
Tender Deductions	4,377,518.22	3,966,928 39	
Tender Fees	475,291 87	244,256 03	
Travelling & Conveyance Expenses	780.049.00	178,816 00	
_ * *	45,122,731,14	27,605,707.03	

Ajay Kumar Bagaria DIN-02279537

R. K. WIRE PRODUCTS LTD. CIN:L17233WB1983PLC036948 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY for the year ended 31st March, 2019

(a)Equity Share Capital

Particulars		Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year	Balance at the end of the year
For the year ended 31st March, 2018	7,498,000 00	0	7,498,000 00
For the year ended 31st March, 2019	7,498,000 00	0	7,498,000.00

(b) Other Equity

	Reserves & Surplus			Other Comprehensive		
Particulars	Retained Earnings	Securities Premium	General Reserve	Capital Reserve	Income	Total
	· i		,	,		
Balance on 1st April 2017	119,572,528,51	5,000,000.00	18,024,382.56	1,000,00	_	142,597,911.07
Add: Profit for the year from Continuing Operations	35,537,662 54		0			35,537,662 54
Add: Transfer to General Reserve	1,000,000 00		1,000,000 00	-	-	2,000,000 00
Balance at 31st March 2018	154,110,191.05	5,000,000.00	19,024,382,56	1,000,00	-	178,135,573.62
Balance at 1st April 2018	154,110,191.05	5,000,000,00	19,024,382.56	1,000.00		178,135,573,62
Add: Profit for the year from Continuing Operations	67,698,196 96			-	-	67,698,196 96
Add: Transfer to General Reserve	1,000,000 00	-	1,000,000 00			2,000,000.00
Balance at 31st March 2019	220,808,388,01	5,000,000.00	20,024,382.56	1,000.00	_	245,833,770.57
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In terms of our report of even date. For MANDAWEWALA & CO. Chartered Accountants Firms Registration No.322130E

Parince NŁ, No. 313439

Dated:- The 29th day of May 2019

Chetan Hagaria DIN-01226808 Binod DIN-90.

Binod Kumar Bagaria DIN-00484802

Ajay Kumar Bagaria DIN-02279537